Rocktech Displays Limited



Module P/N: <u>RK050BR62</u> Version: 1.0 Description : 5.0 inch TFT 800*480 Pixels with LED backlight,350 nits brightness

TEL:	0086-755-26065260
Fax:	0086-755-26065261
E-mail:	Sales@rocktech.com.hk
Web:	www.rocktech.com.hk



Revision History

Date	Rev.	Page	Description
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1. General Features

Item	Spec	Remark
Display Mode	Normally White transmissive	
Viewing Angle	12 O'CLOCK	
Input Signals	RGB 24 bit	
Outside Dimensions	120.70 (W) x75.80(H) x2.80(D)	
Active Area	108.0 mm(W)×64.8 mm(H)	
Number of Pixels	800(RGB)×480	
Dot Pitch	0.135 mm(H) ×0. 135 mm(W)	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Vertical stripes	
Drive IC	HX8264-D05+HX8664B	



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded may cause operation or damage to the unit.

ITEM	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Power for Circuit Driving	VDD	-0.3	-	5	V	
Backlight Forward Current	Iled	-	-	25	mA	For each LED
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	-	80	°C	
Operating Ambient Humidity	H _{OP}	10	-		%RH	
Operating Ambient temperature	T _{OP}	-20	-	70	°C	



3. Electrical Specification

3.1 Driving TFT LCD Panel

ltem		Sym.	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Note
Power for Circuit Driving		VDD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Logic Input Voltage	Low Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.3VDD	V	
	High Voltage	Vін	0.7VDD	-	VDD	V	
Logic Output	Low Voltage	Vol	-	-	GND+0.4	V	
Voltage	High Voltage	Vон	VDD-0.4	-	-	V	

3.2 Driving Backlight

Item	Sym.	Min	Тур.	Мах	Unit	Note
Backlight driving voltage	Vf	-	19.2	-	V	
Backlight driving current	lf	30	40	50	mA	
Backlight Power Consumption	WBL	-	768	-	mW	
Life Time	-	-	50,000	-		Note 3

Note 1: (Unless specified, the ambient temperature $Ta=25^{\circ}C$)

Note 2: The recommended operating conditions refer to a range in which operation of this product is guaranteed. Should this range is exceeded, the operation cannot be guaranteed even if the values may be without the absolute maximum ratings.

Note 3: If LED is driven by high current, high ambient temperature & humidity condition. The life time of LED will be reduced. Operating life means brightness goes down to 50% initial brightness. Typical operating life time is estimated data.



4.Optical Specifications

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 30 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0° .

	0		Values			Nete
ltem	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
1)Contrast Ratio	C/R	-	600	-		FIG.1
2)Module Luminance	L	300	350	-	cd/m ²	FIG.1
3)Response time	Tr+Tf	-	20	-	ms	FIG.2
	θτ	60	70	-		
	θΒ	40	50	-	Dograa	FIG.3
4)Viewing Angle	θι	60	70	-	Degree	FIG.3
	θ _R	60	70	-		
	Wx	0.276	0.316	0.356		
	Wy	0.296	0.336	0.376		
	Rx	-	-	-		
	Ry	-	-	-		
5)Chromaticity	Gx	-	-	-		
	Gy	-	-	-		
	Bx	-	-	-		
	Ву	-	-	-		



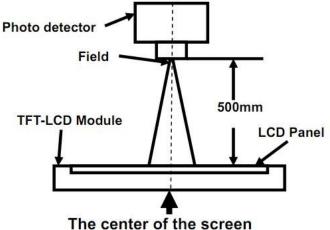
Notes:

- 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as :
 - Surface Luminance with all white pixels Contrast Ratio = -----

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

- 2. Surface luminance is the center point across the LCD surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see FIG 1.
- 3. Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising Time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling Time, Tf). For additional information see FIG 2.
- 4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG 3.

FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method



Item	Photo detector	Field
Contrast Ratio		
Luminance	00.00	4.0
Chromaticity	SR-3A	1°
Lum Uniformity		
Response Time	BM-7A	2°



FIG. 2 The definition of Response Time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".

Response Time = Rising Time(Tr) + Falling Time(Tf)

- Rising Time(Tr) : Full White 90% \rightarrow Full White 10% Transmittance.
- Falling Time(Tf) : Full White 10% \rightarrow Full White 90% Transmittance.

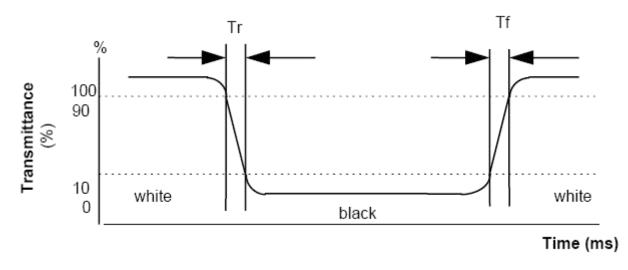
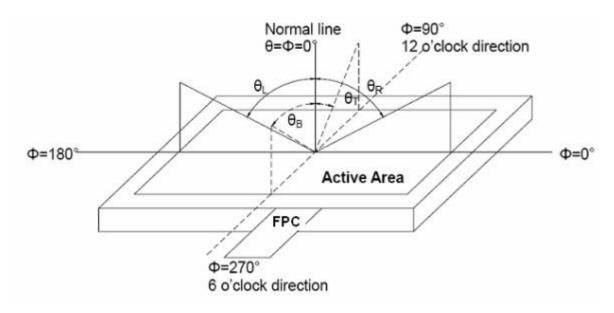


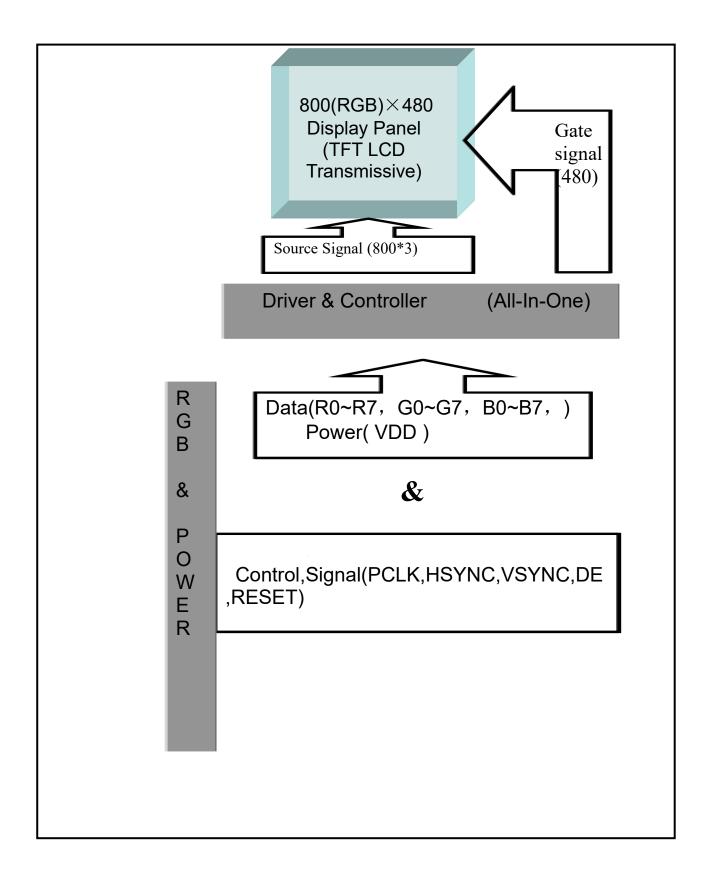
FIG. 3 The definition of Viewing Angle

Use Fig. 1(Test Procedure) under Measurement System to measure the contrast from the measuring direction specified by the conditions as the following figure.





5.Block Diagram





6.Pin Description

ltem	Terminal	Functions
1	VLED-	B/L Power input PIN negative
2	VLED+	B/L Power input PIN anode
3	GND	Ground
4	VDD	Power supply
512	R0R7	Display for R dot
1320	G0G7	Display for G dot
2128	B0B7	Display for B dot
29	GND	Ground
30	DCLK	Clock for input data
31	DISP	Display on/off control
32	HSYNC	Horizontal synchronizing signal
33	VSYNC	Vertical synchronizing signal
34	DE	Data input enable
35	NC	No connect
36	GND	Ground
37	NC/XR	No connect
38	NC/YD	No connect
39	NC/XL	No connect
40	NC/YU	No connect

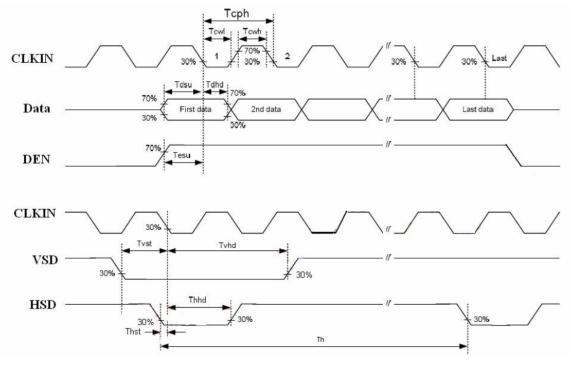


7.Timing Characteristics

7.1 Input Setup Timing setting 7.1.1 Input Setup Timing setting

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Remark
HSD Setup Time	T _{hst}	8			ns	
HSD Hold Time	T _{hhd}	8	-		ns	
VSD Setup Time	T _{vst}	8		ž	ns	
VSD Hold Time	T _{vhd}	8	-	-	ns	
Data Setup Time	T _{dsu}	8	о 15. — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		ns	
Data Hold Time	T _{dhd}	8	-	<u>-</u>	ns	
DE Setup Time	T _{esu}	8		2	ns	
DE Hold Time	T _{ehd}	8			ns	
CLKIN Cycle Time	T _{cph}	20	-	-	ns	
CLKIN Pulse Width	T _{cwh}	40	50	60	%	
Output stable time	Tsst	-	-	6	us	
VDD Power ON Slew rate	Tpor			20	ms	
RSTB pulse width	TRst	10	-		us	

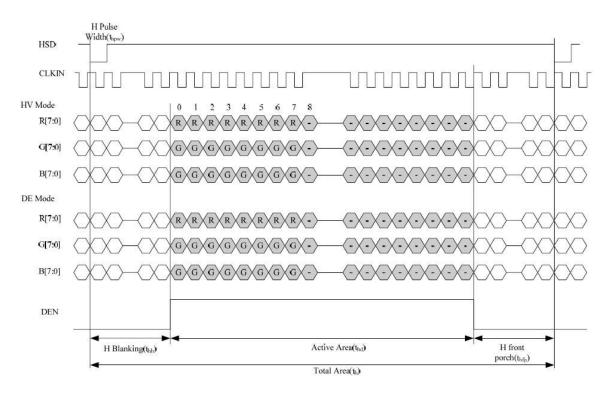
7.1.2 Input Clock and Data Timing Diagram



7.2 Data Input Format 7.2.1 Data Input Timing Parameter Setting

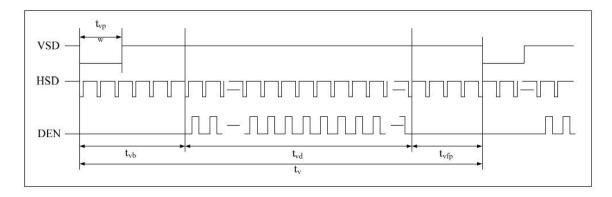
Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Sp			Unit
Farameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Horizontal display area	t _{hd}		800		CLKIN
CLKIN frequency (60Hz)	f _{clk}	-	30	50	MHZ
One Horizontal Line	t _h	889	928	1143	CLKIN
HSD pulse width	t _{hpw}	1	48	255	CLKIN
HSD blanking	t _{hb}		88	5	CLKIN
HSD front porch	t _{hfp}	1	40	255	CLKIN
Vertical display area	t _{vd}		480		T _H
VSD period time	t _v	513	525	767	T _H
VSD pulse width	t _{vpw}	3	3	255	T _H
VSD Blanking(tvb)	t _{vb}		32		T _H
VSD Front porch (tvfp)	t _{vfp}	1	13	255	T _H

7.2.2 Data Input Timing Diagram 7.2.2.1 Horizontal Input Timing Diagram

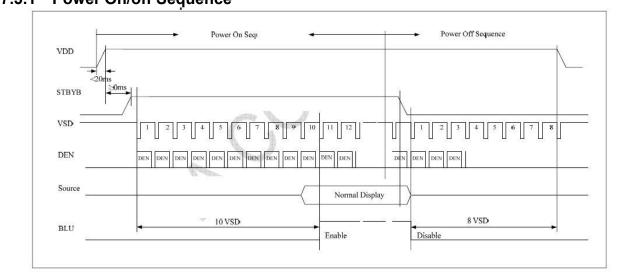




7.2.2.2 Vertical Input Timing Diagram

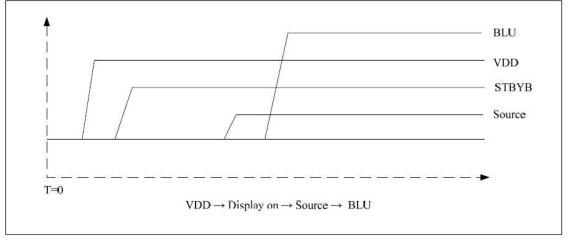


7.3 Power on/off Sequence7.3.1 Power On/off Sequence

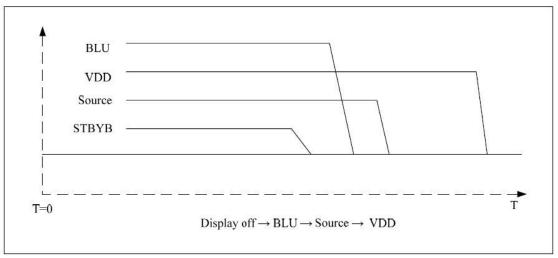




7.3.2 Power On Sequence

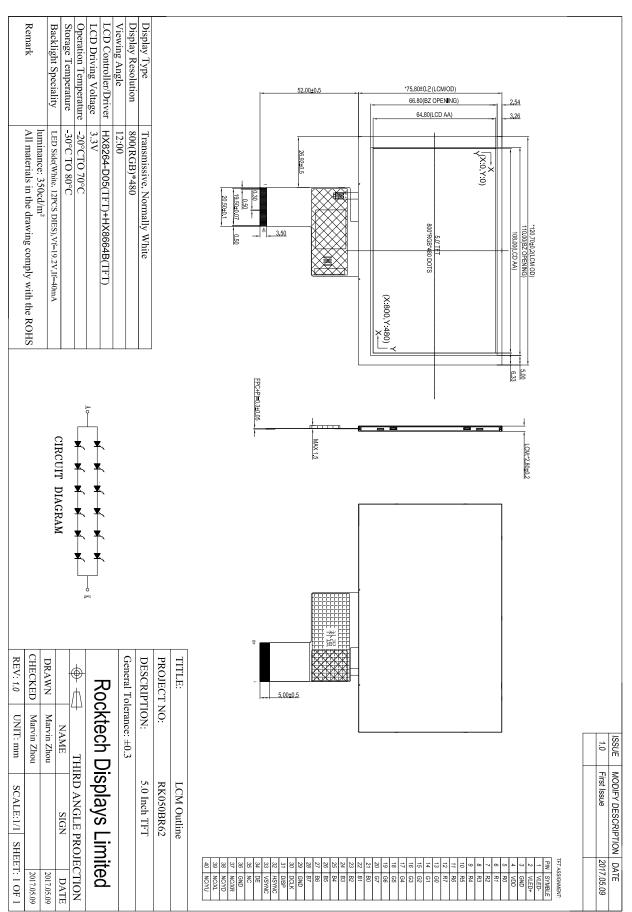


7.3.3 Power On Sequence





8.Outline Dimension





9. Reliability and Inspection Standard

No.	Test Item		Test Conditions	Remark
1	Storage		80℃, 120Hr	Note
	1 High Temperature	Operation	70 ℃, 120Hr	Note
2		Storage	-30 ℃, 120Hr	Nete
2	Low Temperature	Operation	-20 ℃, 120Hr	Note
3	High Temperature and High Humidity		High Temperature and High Humidity 40°C, 90%RH, 120Hr	
4	Thermal Cycling Test(No operation)		-20℃ for 30min, 70℃ for 30 min. 100 cycles. Then test at room temperature after 1 hour	Note
5	Vibration Test(No operation)		Frequency :10~55 HZ; Stroke :1.5 mm;Sweep:10HZ~55HZ~10HZ; 2hours for each direction of X, Y, Z(6 hours for total)	
6	Package Drop Test		Height:60 cm,1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces	
7	Electro Static Discharge		\pm 2KV,Human Body Mode, 100pF/1500Ω	

Note:

1) Sample quantity for each test item is 5~10pcs.

2) Note 4: Before cosmetic and function test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.

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10.PRECAUTIONS FOR USING LCD MODULES

Handing Precautions

- (1) The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile, it tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degraded insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determined to the polarizer).
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol

Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.

- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents

Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading. Avoid contacting oil and fats.

- (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal



connector.

- Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
- Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.

Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution is necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped).

Others

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature. If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.

-Terminal electrode sections.